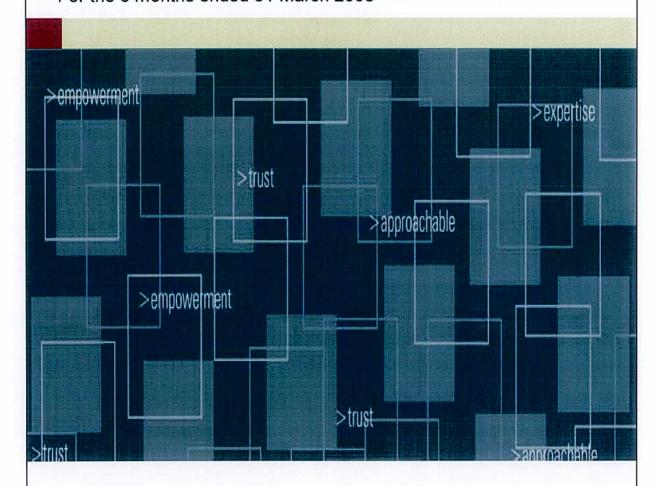
Clydesdale Bank

Clydesdale Bank PLC - Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the 6 months ended 31 March 2008



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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

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Officers and Professional Advisers

Directors

Chairman:

Sir Malcolm Williamson #

Executive:

Lynne Peacock (Chief Executive Officer) #

Gavin Slater # David Thorburn

Non-executive:

Jonathan Dawson * # Sir David Fell KCB *

Richard Gregory OBE * #

Roy Nicolson * #
Peter Wood *

* Member of the European Board Audit Committee # Member of the European Board Risk Committee

Executive Committee

Lynne Peacock, Chief Executive Officer Gavin Slater, Executive Director David Thorburn, Executive Director

Tom Burns, Chief Risk Officer

Margaret Butler, Quality and Efficiency Director Debbie Crosbie, Chief Information Officer Dean Cutbill, Products & Marketing Director

Glenn King, Operations Director Steve Reid, Retail Director

Bruce Rose, Managing Director & Head of nabCapital UK Sue Sjuve, Group General Manager, Inclusion & Diversity

Iain Smith, Chief Financial Officer Arthur Willett, Human Resources Director Mike Williams, Executive General Manager iFS

Secretary

Michael Webber

Registered Office

30 St Vincent Place Glasgow G1 2HL

Company Number

SC001111

Bankers

National Australia Bank Limited

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

Chairman's Statement



Sir Malcolm Williamson, Chairman

It gives me great pleasure to present the 2008 interim report of Clydesdale Bank. Over the last three years, we have been working hard to transform the Bank into a business that people want to do business with through the development of a business model that delivers strong and sustainable growth.

Market conditions in the last nine months have been volatile and turbulent and whilst these conditions could not have been foreseen, our traditional banking model, offering a full range of products and services to business and retail customers, has proved resilient in very tough conditions. The growth has been achieved through diversified lending, funding and geographical spread across the UK and by maintaining capital ratios that remain amongst the strongest in the banking industry. In particular, the Bank's continued strategy to concentrate on traditional banking activities without recourse to sub prime or self-certified lending has resulted in it delivering an excellent trading performance during the volatile and turbulent conditions that prevailed during the period.

These firm foundations that have been built over the past three years, have provided a strong basis for growth in both deposits and high quality lending. The Retail branch network performed well in these challenging conditions whilst business banking, through our maturing Integrated Financial Solutions Centres, again delivered an outstanding performance.

Despite the significant progress and investment made in the business, we have exercised exceptionally firm cost control and ongoing business efficiency improvements have delivered five consecutive halves of flat costs.

We are very proud of our achievements over the past three years. We believe we are well prepared for the challenging market conditions in which we operate, offering a resilient, sound and well diversified business model that has continued to demonstrate strong sustainable growth and profit momentum.

Sir Malcolm Williamson

Mahel wille

Chairman 26 June 2008

CLYDESDALE BANK PLC **Business Review**



Lynne Peacock, Chief Executive Officer

Overview

Clydesdale Bank PLC (the "Bank") together with its subsidiary undertakings (which together comprise the "Group") is the United Kingdom (UK) arm of the National Australia Bank Limited ("NAB"). The Group provides a full range of traditional banking products and services to business and retail customers through its Clydesdale Bank and Yorkshire Bank brands, together with commercial banking products from nabCapital. Over a period characterised by extreme market turbulence the Group's business model has been very effective in delivering continued strong and sustainable growth while maintaining a diversified and cautious approach to both liquidity and funding.

Strategic Highlights and Business Developments

The Group delivered an excellent result with operating profit for the 6 months ended 31 March 2008 of £226m increasing 18.9% over the March 2007 half.

Profit after tax increased 26.2% over the March 2007 half. This result included £15 million of interest cost generated by the adverse market conditions.

The Group continues to execute the strategy outlined in 2005. This involves planned growth of market share in high quality assets through the Integrated Financial Solutions ("iFS") relationship proposition and secured personal lending, while reducing dependency on unsecured lending such as credit cards and personal loans.

iFS continued to build business in both established and new locations, growing both assets and deposits. Average business lending balances increased by 27.1%, and retail deposit balances by 22.0% compared to March 2007 comparative period. With effect from October 2007, £965m of mid market corporate business previously serviced by nabCapital UK was transferred to UK Financial Services in order to use the iFS network to leverage these relationships. iFS revenues continued to grow strongly, up 27.2% on March 2007.

The Retail business continued to be upgraded to market leading standards in terms of facilities, staff and products. This included an ongoing branch refurbishment programme, manager training to provide more entrepreneurial skills in branches, and a number of new product launches. Retail revenues grew by 1.8%.

The operating lease book was disposed of during the half in line with the strategy of exiting low return non-core operations.

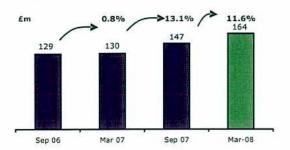
Flat costs have now been achieved over 5 consecutive halves through further process improvements and cost reduction initiatives, resulting in a cost to income ratio of 54.6%, down 220 basis points on the March 2007 half.

Asset quality remains strong with a prudent approach to lending and a diversified portfolio.



Business Review (continued)

Consolidated profit after tax



Income and Expense Trends

Cost to Income ratio

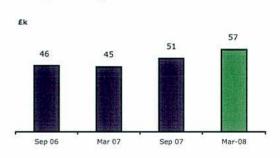




Half Year Averages



Profit per average FTE



Over the past three years the Group has made itself more resilient by diversifying its lending, funding and geographical spread. The proportion of unsecured personal lending has been reduced, whilst business lending increased across a range of sectors. Diverse funding sources have been developed to complement the strong retail deposit base and provide greater flexibility.

Significant investment in staff and infrastructure has ensured the business is built on solid foundations and is well placed to continue growth. iFS is maturing beyond the start up phase and has strong potential with a flexible business model and a customer proposition that is still unique in the UK market. The margin contraction is slowing and the cost to income ratio continues to fall through income growth whilst holding costs flat, notwithstanding the substantial investment made during the past three years. These foundations provide an excellent basis for future development.

Operating Environment

Weaker prospects resulting from the global credit issues will weigh on the UK economy in 2008 and will continue into 2009. The economy grew by 0.4% in the three months to March 2008. This was a slowdown from the 0.6% pace seen in the fourth quarter of 2007 and the third consecutive quarter of below-trend growth.

We now expect the UK economy to grow by 1.75% in 2008 and by circa 1.6% in 2009, which would be the weakest economic performance for 15 years. Although there have been concerns that spending on the High Street will slow sharply, surveys and official data have yet to show such a downturn. However, economic conditions will remain challenging over the next 18 months and the economy may not return to trend growth until 2010.





Business Review (continued)

Operating Environment (continued)

Funding and Liquidity costs continue to be impacted by the turbulence in the market. The average spreads between base rate and 1 month and 3 month LIBOR in the first half of the year were 38 basis points and 52 basis points respectively which remain high relative to historic averages of 11 and 18 basis points.

The Office of Fair Trading investigations into the operation of the personal current account market and its own assessment of the level of charges are ongoing. Separately, on 24 April 2008, the High Court issued judgement on the first stage of the test case involving a number of banks. The Court held that terms which impose charges are capable of being assessed for fairness under the Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999, although no finding has been made that the terms are in fact unfair. The Banks have been given leave to appeal against this judgement. The Court also examined a number of sets of terms and conditions and held that they did not amount to unenforceable penalties at common law. Further Court hearings will be required before the test case process is concluded. The next hearing is scheduled for 7 and 8 July 2008 although no date has been given for the hearing of the appeal. The waiver issued by the FSA on 27 July 2007 remains in place to 26 July 2008 and may well be extended for a further period. Further information is given in Note 14 of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Customer, Employee and Community

Trends of customer acquisition were maintained and customer retention rates improved significantly. The iFS proposition continued to achieve a high revenue and volume growth.

The Financial Services Authority has issued its 'Treating Customers Fairly' principles for the UK and these are being embedded throughout the business.

Employees

During the period a three-year salary deal with the trade union Unite was successfully negotiated. This provides stability and assurance to both our people and the Group at a time of economic uncertainty.

The Group continues to invest in the communities in which it operates. Two high profile sponsorships - Scottish Premier League football and the National Trust - continue to help promote brands whilst engaging customers and employees. As sponsor, Clydesdale Bank looks forward to supporting the Scottish Team for the 2008 Youth Commonwealth Games.

Over the last three years, the Group supported the British Heart Foundation resulting in over £500,000 being raised through a range of employee-led activities for pioneering research into heart disease and the care and support of sufferers. From 1 February, a partnership was launched with Help the Hospices which supports over 200 charities that care for terminally ill patients. Support is provided in the form of training, education, information, grant-aid advice and fundraising help.

A number of initiatives supporting the goal of being carbon neutral by September 2010 were implemented in the 6 months ended 31 March 2008. These included the re-engineering of printed branch reports and the introduction of software that enables PCs to be powered off and on from a remote location, to reduce waste energy and save costs. Smart Boxes, that measure energy consumption, have been rolled out throughout the property network to further identify opportunities to reduce energy consumption.

Your Mortgage magazine named Clydesdale Bank as "Best Mortgage Lender in Scotland" for the fourth year running and Yorkshire Bank "Best Regional Mortgage Lender" for the ninth year running.

The Group's IT team recently won "IT team of the year" in the UK Financial Services Sector Technology Awards. This was in recognition of achievements made in the last three years particularly in efficiency savings.

Clydesdale Bank was included in the publication '2008 Business Superbrands' for activities regarding Corporate and Social Responsibility. It was also ranked in the "Top 100 Companies that Count" by the Business in the Community Corporate Reporting Index.





Business Review (continued)

Financial Analysis

	Half year to				
	Mar 08	Mar 07	Sept 07	Mar 08 v Mar 07 %	Mar 08 v Sept 07 %
Net interest income	449	423	439	6.1	2.3
Non interest income	181	176	171	2.8	5.8
	630	599	610	5.2	3.3
Total operating income	(346)	(345)	(345)	(0.3)	(0.3)
Total operating expenses	(340)	(343)	(343)	(0.3)	(0.5)
Operating profit before impairment losses	284	254	265	11.8	7.2
Impairment losses on credit exposures	(58)	(64)	(53)	9.4	(9.4)
Group operating profit	226	190	212	18.9	6.6
Significant items	6	150	2 2	large	large
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	232	190	214	22.1	8.4
Tax expense	(68)	(60)	(67)	(13.3)	(1.5)
Profit for the period	164	130	147	26.2	11.6
Average volumes (£bn)					
Gross loans and acceptances (1)	30.0	24.6	27.0	22.0	11.1
Interest earning assets	34.0	27.3	30.7	24.5	10.7
Total assets	36.2	28.6	32.8	26.6	10.4
Retail deposits (2)	17.6	15.1	16.4	16.6	7.3
Performance measures (annualised)					
Profit on average assets	0.91%	0.91%	0.90%	0bps	1bp
Net interest margin	2.64%	3.10%	2.84%	(46bps)	(20bps)
Cost to income ratio	54.6%	56.8%	55.8%	220bps	120bps
Profit per average FTE (3) (£'000s)	57	45	51		
FTEs (3) (spot)	5,756	5,748	5,681		

- Gross loans and acceptances includes gross loans and advances to customers, loans designated at fair value through profit and loss and due from customers on acceptances
- Retail deposits include current accounts, savings accounts and term deposits.
- The FTE numbers above disclose the staff remunerated directly by the Group but exclude employees working within other National Australia Group Europe Limited subsidiaries who provide support services to the Group. The number of staff employed in the UK Region at 31 March 2008 was 8,966.

March 2008 v March 2007

Profit after tax increased 26.2% (£34 million) on the prior comparative period reflecting higher income, flat expenses, and a reduced charge to provide for doubtful debts. The result includes a £15 million additional cost resulting from the impact of the current market

Average gross loans and acceptances increased 22.0% (£5.4 billion) on the prior comparative period.

Business lending volumes grew 25.1% (£3.3 billion). This growth is largely driven by the continued success of the iFS proposition and its increasing customer base. A managed approach to mortgage lending (balancing the volume and margin trade off) has resulted in 16.3% (£1.6 billion) mortgage volume growth mainly in the offset mortgage product through the retail and direct channel network, also helped by lower mortgage redemptions. Exposure to credit card and personal loan lending has again reduced as planned, with average balances declining 6.5% over the half year. These two business areas now represent 4.9% of total assets.

Average retail deposit volumes grew 16.6% (£2.5 billion) in a highly competitive market, reflecting our continued focus on this area and in particular the continued momentum in iFS with average deposit growth of 22.0%.

Net interest income increased 6.1% reflecting the strong balance sheet growth partially offset by margin contraction.

The net interest margin decreased 46 basis points from 3.10% to 2.64%. The underlying margin contraction of 33 basis points was primarily driven by continued planned changes in product mix and the cost of wholesale funding relative to deposit funding.

As noted earlier, market conditions have had a significant impact on the margin driving a 13 basis point reduction: the increased costs of wholesale funding and the desire to maintain higher levels of liquidity resulted in a 7 basis point reduction and basis risk movements have depressed the margin by a further 6 basis points.





Business Review (continued)

Other operating income has increased by 2.8% (£5million). Fair value and hedge ineffectiveness income increased £6 million, nabCapital foreign exchange and derivative fee income increased £5 million and Financial Services lending related fees were £2 million higher. Partially offsetting these increases, the operating lease business was disposed of in December 2007, resulting in a £9 million reduction in related income (partially offset in expenses and one-off net gain on disposal of £1 million).

Operating expenses were flat on the prior corresponding period. Investment costs, including the recruitment of an additional 89 full time equivalent employees ("FTEs") in iFS during the half, additional depreciation arising from investment spend in prior periods and general wage inflation have been offset by reduced back office FTEs, efficiency savings and process improvements. In addition the sale of the operating lease business reduced expenses by £8 million in the current half offset by a reduction in other operating income.

The cost to income ratio at 54.6% improved by 220 basis points over the March 2007 half year, reflecting the continued improvements in revenue and cost performance.

The charge for doubtful debts decreased 9.4% against the prior corresponding period. As previously signalled, the increase in collective provisions from growing business lending volumes has been mitigated by the portfolio shift away from unsecured personal lending and actions taken over the past 2 years continue to improve asset quality in these areas. Additionally, improved arrears management has ensured that the value of accounts 90 or more days past due (90+days past due) has remained stable despite a growing lending book.

The effective tax charge at 29.3% benefits from retrospective credits for research and development spend and a reduction in the corporation tax rate.

March 2008 v September 2007

Profit after tax increased 11.6% (£17 million) on the September 2007 half, showing continued progress in delivering strong and sustainable results. This increase includes £10 million for costs driven by market turbulence.

Average gross loans and acceptances increased 11.1% (£3 billion) on the September 2007 half. Business lending volumes grew by 13.5% (£1.9 billion), while mortgage lending has experienced volume growth of 9.6% (£1 billion). Card and personal loan balances declined by 2.9%.

Average retail deposit volumes grew 7.3% (£1.2 billion). This was primarily driven by the continued momentum in the Financial Solutions Centres and a robust performance in the Retail network.

Net interest income increased 2.3% with the portfolio growth being offset by margin, mix and market turbulence impacts.

The net interest margin decreased 20 basis points from 2.84% to 2.64% reflecting changes in the product mix, the cost of wholesale funding relative to deposit funding, as well as the effects of adverse market conditions. The underlying margin contraction was circa 11 basis points.

Other operating income was 5.8% higher reflecting increased fair value and hedge ineffectiveness income, nabCapital fee income and Financial Services lending related fees, partially offset by the loss of income from the sale of the operating lease book.

Operating expenses were flat on the prior period.

The cost to income ratio at 54.6% has improved by 120 basis points as a result of the continued improvements in revenue and cost performance.

The charge for doubtful debts has increased by 9.4% (£5 million) over the September 2007 half driven by growing lending volumes. This effect was mitigated by the portfolio shift from unsecured personal lending, stable asset quality, improved arrears management and the tightening of personal lending criteria during 2006 and early 2007.

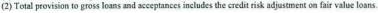
The effective tax charge at 29.3% benefits from retrospective credits for research and development spend and a lower corporation tax rate.

Other Items

Asset Quality

	As at		
	Mar 08	Mar 07	Sep 07
Gross impaired assets (£m)	87	51	63
Gross impaired assets to gross loans and acceptances (1)	0.27%	0.20%	0.22%
90+ days past due assets (£m)	123	90	125
90+ days past due to gross loans and acceptances (1)	0.39%	0.34%	0.44%
GIA and 90+ days past due to gross loans and acceptances (1)	0.66%	0.54%	0.66%
Total provision to gross loans and acceptances (1) (2)	0.98%	1.09%	1.02%

⁽¹⁾ Gross loans and acceptances: includes gross loans and advances to customers, loans designated at fair value through profit and loss and due to customers on acceptances.







Business Review (continued)

Other Items (continued)

Asset Quality (continued)

Asset quality remains strong with a portfolio that is well-secured and diversified both geographically and by lending type. Although the UK economy as a whole is slowing, the outlook is not uniform across all sectors. In property, for example, the greatest difficulties are in sectors and geographies where the UK business has little exposure and, in the mortgage market, the retail banking operation does not include any direct low doc (self certified) lending.

The March 2008 gross impaired asset balances have increased over the September 2007 balances. This increase is off a low base and there are no signs of any particular industry or geographic concentrations. The increase is in line with management expectations.

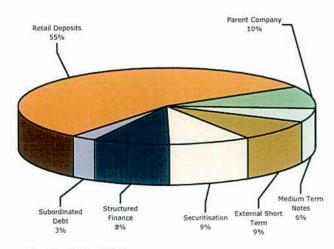
The ratio of 90+ days past due to gross loans and acceptances has decreased from 0.44% to 0.39% as a result of the 90+ days past due balances remaining in line with September 2007. This reflects the increased management of balances in this category including an increased contact programme with mortgage customers.

Taking gross impaired assets and 90+ days past due balances together the ratio has remained broadly flat on September 2007.

The coverage ratio of total provision to gross loans and acceptances has reduced from 1.02% in September 2007 to 0.98% in March 2008. The main areas where reductions are occurring are personal loans and credit cards where, as signalled previously, improved asset quality in these portfolios is having a positive impact. The growth in mortgage lending with low provision requirements has also had a dilutive effect on the overall coverage ratio.

Clydesdale Bank's position as a member of a stable and geographically diversified group proved an asset in these turbulent times. The long term credit ratings of Clydesdale Bank, which were maintained through the period (AA- by Standard & Poors, Aa3 by Moodys and AA- by Fitch), proved to be valuable in the attraction and retention of funds.

Diversity of Funding (1)



As at 31 March 2008

As at 31st March Clydesdale Bank held a portfolio of liquid assets totalling £4.5 billion, substantially higher than that held prior to the recent market turbulence. The portfolio included balances in the Bank of England Reserve Account, and a range of marketable securities.

Despite volatile market conditions, Clydesdale Bank's strong liquidity position was maintained due in part to a diverse funding base which includes a mix of short, medium, and long-term wholesale funding, parent company funding, and securitisation.

The Stable Funding Index (SFI) remained within the historical trend moving from 74.9% in March 2007 to 76.1% in March 2008. The SFI is an internal measure used by the Group to gauge the strength of its balance sheet funding. It comprises a Term Funding Index (TFI) plus Customer Funding Index (CFI). TFI is defined as Term Wholesale Funding with a remaining maturity greater than 12 months divided by Core Assets (net loans and advances to customers and banks booked at amortised cost, but excluding all loans booked at fair value or held for trading). CFI is a measure of customer deposits divided by Core Assets. The securitisation of balance sheet assets impacts these funding indices by reducing Core Assets. The relative stability of the index reflects the continuing contribution of customer deposits to the overall funding requirement.





Business Review (continued)

Stable Funding Index



Capital ratios

Capital ratios as at 31 March 2008 were as follows:

	As at			
	Mar 08	Mar 07	Sep 07	
Tier 1	7.5%	8.1%	7.8%	
Total ratio	11.4%	13.4%	12.6%	
Risk weighted assets (£m)	26,882	21,998	22,944	

Note: March 2008 risk weighted assets are calculated on a Basel II basis, whereas the March and September 2007 risk weighted assets are calculated on a Basel I basis.

Tier 1 capital comprises core capital only, with no hybrid instruments. The reduction in Tier 1 and Total ratios compared to March 2007 and September 2007 is primarily due to the increase in risk weighted assets and the inclusion of operational risk under the Basel II regime in March 2008. Clydesdale Bank operates a traditional banking business and has achieved strong balance sheet growth in deposits and high quality lending whilst maintaining one of the strongest capital ratios in UK banking.

Investment Spend

Investment continued on systems and processes and was directed into 3 broad categories; efficiency and sustainable revenue, infrastructure and compliance.

October 2007 saw another significant milestone in the ongoing re-engineering of the business with the Teller programme completing its deployment into Clydesdale Bank. This concludes the Teller project that commenced in 2005 as part of the Strategic Agenda Programme.

Investment in the front office continued, with projects such as the pilot launch of the new Business Internet Banking Channel.

Development of the second new Data Centre is ahead of schedule. The new data centre building was handed over in March 2008 and the migration of over 1000 pieces of equipment from our existing second Data Centre is on target for the end of June. The Faster Payments project progressed to an advanced stage of build and testing in the period and was subsequently developed to meet the industry go live date of May 2008.

Distribution

The network of Financial Solutions Centres (FSCs) and retail branches has remained stable over the six months to March 2008, with 74 principal FSCs and 343 branches.

iFS has added 2 satellite sites during the first half of this year and has continued to demonstrate strong levels of underlying growth in its core business. In conjunction with Specialist & Acquisition Finance, there have been a number of successes in attracting full trading business relationships from our competitors.

Within Retail, the branch refurbishment programme continues with around a quarter of branches now benefiting from the programme. An extensive training programme has been delivered to the branch manager population with the focus on raising individual performance through providing them with the tools and skills required to run their branch as though it were their own business.

A new look website for Clydesdale Bank (cbonline.co.uk) was launched during the period, with Yorkshire Bank (ybonline.co.uk) following shortly.





Business Review (continued)

Comparison of Clydesdale Bank PLC Consolidated result with NAB Group UK Region segmental result

The NAB Group publishes segmental financial results of which the UK Region forms one segment. The 2008 half year results were published by NAB on 9 May 2008. The segmentation is based on geographical lines, the exception being the nabCapital business which is treated as a global business segment in its own right. As shown in Note 3 of these interim statements, certain of the nabCapital business is written on the CB PLC balance sheet and therefore this business is not included in the UK Region result. The UK wealth management business, which operates through separate legal entities, is also included in the UK Region results but is not part of CB PLC. The other main difference between the CB PLC and UK Region results is the inclusion of fair value and hedge ineffectiveness income which is excluded from the NAB regional cash earnings results. The table below sets out the reconciliation of the income statements of the two views:

6 months ended 31 March 2008

	CB PLC	Add: Wealth Management £m	Less: nabCapital £m	Fair value and hedge ineffectiveness £m	Other £m	NAB UK Region £m
Profit on ordinary activities before tax/Cash earnings before tax	232	27	(31)	(25)	(9)	194
Profit attributable to shareholders/Cash earnings after tax	164	21	(22)	(17)	(7)	139
Total assets	38,537					38,188

Sir Malcolm Williamson

Chairman 26 June 2008

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

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The Directors confirm that this interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 as adopted by the European Union. The interim report includes a fair review of the important events that have occurred in the first 6 months of the financial year and their impact on the financial statements, with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining 6 months.

Michael Webber (signed under his direction)

Michael Webber

Secretary

26 June 2008



CLYDESDALE BANK PLC Independent Review Report to the members of Clydesdale Bank Plc

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet of Clydesdale Bank Plc as of March 31, 2008 and the related Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Consolidated Statement of Recognised Income and Expense and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information does not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2008, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

London

3 July 2008

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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Consolidated Income Statement for the 6 months ended 31 March 2008

		6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
		31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 2007
	Note	£m	£m	£m
Interest receivable and similar income		1,154	887	1,927
Interest expense and similar charges		(705)	(464)	(1,065)
Net interest income		449	423	862
Gains less losses on financial instruments at fair value		34	31	60
Other operating income		147	145	287
Non interest income	4	181	176	347
Total operating income		630	599	1,209
Personnel expenses	1	(105)	(109)	(211)
Depreciation expense		(14)	(21)	(42)
Other operating expenses		(227)	(215)	(437)
Total operating expenses	5	(346)	(345)	(690)
Operating profit before impairment losses		284	254	519
Impairment losses on credit exposures	11	(58)	(64)	(117)
Group operating profit	3	226	190	402
Profit on sale of land and buildings Refund of current account fees		6	÷	13
& associated costs	14	-4	-	(11)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	ā	232	190	404
Tax expense	6	(68)	(60)	(127)
Profit for the period attributable to the shareholders	17	164	130	277
attributable to the shareholders	17		130	

All material items dealt with in arriving at the profit on ordinary activities before tax for the above periods relate to continuing activities.

Consolidated Statement of Recognised Income and Expense for the 6 months ended 31 March 2008

	Note	6 months to 31 Mar 08 £m	6 months to 31 Mar 07 £m	12 months to 30 Sept 07 £m
Income and expense				
recognised directly in equity				
Revaluation of land and buildings	17	2	#	(1)
Net change in available for sale				
investments reserve	17	3	=	(3)
Net change in cash flow				
hedge reserve	17	4	(16)	(10)
Actuarial gains on defined				
benefit pension plans	17	68	101	222
Total changes in items		S		
recognised directly in equity		75	85	208
Tax on items recognised				
directly in equity	6	(24)	(24)	(64)
Net change in items		8 		100
recognised directly in equity		51	61	144
Profit for the period		164	130	277
Total recognised income		-		
and expense for the period		215	191	421
Attributable to:				
Ordinary shareholders		215	191	421

CLYDESDALE BANK PLC Consolidated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2008

		31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
Assets	Note	£m	£m	£m
Cash and balances with central banks	8	3,190	2,402	2,093
Loans and advances to other banks	o .	553	530	685
Derivative financial assets		454	50	126
Financial assets at fair value		151	50	120
through profit and loss	9	3,891	2,627	3,053
Financial investments		441	579	1,714
Loans and advances to customers	10	27,371	23,134	25,055
Due from customers on acceptances	10	5	25,154	25,055
Investments in controlled entities and associates		2	2	2
Property, plant and equipment		185	251	255
Deferred tax assets		8	104	45
Defined benefit pension assets		248	23	159
Due from related entities	22	353	611	1,329
Other assets		1,836	712	1,042
Total assets		38,537	31,030	35,561
Total assets		30,337	31,030	33,301
Liabilities				
Due to other banks		3,049	2,537	2,289
Derivative financial liabilities		38	55	22
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit and loss	9	465	266	442
Due to customers	13	20,704	18,520	19,319
Liabilities on acceptances		5	5	3
Current taxes		50	56	57
Deferred tax liabilities		18	16	18
Provisions	14	10	23	13
Defined benefit pension liabilities		1.0	15	
Bonds and notes	15	5,332	1,846	5,471
Due to related entities	22	4,132	4,212	3,915
Other liabilities		2,621	1,550	1,890
		36,424	29,101	33,439
Shareholders' equity			50 M TO 100 M TO 100 M	101111111111111111111111111111111111111
Share capital	16	232	232	232
Share premium account	17	243	243	243
Share option reserve	17	19	9	12
Asset revaluation reserve	17	13	17	13
Available for sale investments reserve	17	-	~	(3)
Merger reserve	17	338	338	338
Cash flow hedge reserve	17	(6)	(13)	(9)
Retained earnings	17	1,274	967	1,160
Total parent shareholders' equity		2,113	1,793	1,986
Minority interests	17	-	136	136
Total liabilities and charaholdars' aquity		38,537	31,030	35,561
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		30,337	31,030	33,301

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2008 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mulul weller

Gavin Slater Director Sellin

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the 6 months ended 31 March 2008

		6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	Note	31 Mar 08 £m	31 Mar 07 £m	30 Sept 07 £m
	Note	Lm	LIII	žin.
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		232	190	404
Adjustments for:				
Non cash items included in profit before tax		(308)	(231)	(484)
Changes in operating assets		(2,750)	(2,048)	(6,206)
Changes in operating liabilities		2,689	2,214	3,093
Interest received		1,036	855	1,571
Interest paid		(338)	(267)	(480)
Tax paid		(63)	(20)	(66)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		498	693	(2,168)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		33	10	39
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(7)	(9)	(56)
Proceeds from sale of				**********
property, plant and equipment		69	18	52
Net cash provided by investing activities		95	19	35
Cash flows from financing activities				
Interest received		32	20	44
Interest paid		(284)	(153)	(369)
(Redemption)/issue of bonds and notes		(139)	194	3,819
Share options settled		(135)	(20)	(20)
Net decrease/(increase) in amount due from related entities		976	618	(100)
Net increase/(decrease) in amount due to related entities		79	(750)	(1,038)
Dividends paid		(95)	(,,,,	(40)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		569	(91)	2,296
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,162	621	163
		50; , i	7.470 - marketing (1940)	9150
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		2,137	1,974	1,974
Cash and cash equivalents				
at end of the period	21	3,299	2,595	2,137



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

1. Basis of preparation

Clydesdale Bank PLC is incorporated in the UK and registered in Scotland.

The ultimate parent undertaking, and ultimate controlling party is National Australia Bank Limited ("NAB"), a company incorporated in the State of Victoria, Australia. This company also heads the largest group in which the results of the Group are consolidated. The smallest group in which the results of the Group are consolidated is that headed by National Australia Group Europe Limited ("NAGE") which is incorporated and registered in England and Wales. National Europe Holdings (GB) Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales, is the immediate holding company for the Bank.

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

The information in these interim financial statements does not constitute statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 240 of the Companies Act 1985 ("the Act"). Statutory accounts for the year ended 30 September 2007, which contained an unqualified audit report under Section 235 of the Act and which did not contain any statements under Section 237 of the Act, have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with Section 242 of the Act.

2. Accounting policies

The information in the interim financial statements does not include all of the disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2007.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosed amount of contingent liabilities. Assumptions made at each balance sheet date are based on best estimates at that date. Although the Group has internal control systems in place to ensure that estimates can be reliably measured, actual amounts may differ from those estimates. It is not anticipated that such differences would be material. There have been no significant changes to the bases upon which estimates have been determined, compared to those applied at 30 September 2007.

The interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the application of fair value measurements.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2007.

IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" and an amendment to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" on capital disclosures were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board for application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007 and have been adopted by the European Union. The new or revised disclosures will be included in the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2008.

3. Nature of business and segmental reporting

For the purposes of this note a business segment is a distinguishable component of the entity that is engaged in providing groups of related products and services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Separate financial information for each segment is reported to the UK Executive Committee for the purposes of evaluating performance.

The Group's business is organised into two main operating segments: Financial Services UK and nabCapital. Financial Services UK is the retailing arm of the Group, providing a full range of traditional banking products and services to business and retail customers through the Clydesdale Bank and Yorkshire Bank brands. nabCapital is responsible for the Group's relationships with large corporations and institutions.

Revenue and expenses directly associated with each business segment are included in determining their result. Segment revenue represents revenue directly attributable to a segment and a portion of the Group's revenue that can be allocated to a segment on a reasonable basis. Segment result represents segment revenue less segment expenses and impairment losses on credit exposures and after income taxes. The Group reallocates all of its assets and liabilities to business segments.





Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

3. Nature of business and segmental reporting (continued)

	Financial Services UK	nabCapital	Total
6 months to 31 March 2008	£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	437	12	449
Non interest income	161	20	181
Net significant revenue	6		6
Segment revenue	604	32	636
Segment result	201	31	232
Tax expense		_	(68)
Profit for the period		<u></u>	164
Total assets	33,178	5,359	38,537
Total liabilities	31,260	5,164	36,424

With effect from October 2007, £965m of mid market corporate businesses previously serviced by nabCapital were transferred to Financial Services UK in order to use the iFS network to leverage these relationships.

6 months to 31 March 2007

Net interest income Non interest income Segment revenue	409 160 569	14 16 30	423 176 599
Segment result	164	26	190
Tax expense			(60)
Profit for the period			130
Total assets	23,964	7,066	31,030
Total liabilities	22,773	6,328	29,101

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

3. Nature of business and segmental reporting (continued)

2.7 mente of business and organization reporting (commune,	Financial Services UK	nabCapital	Total
12 months to 30 September 2007	£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	832	30	862
Non interest income	314	33	347
Net significant revenue	2	(20)	2
Segment revenue	1,148	63	1,211
Segment result	343	61	404
Tax expense		_	(127)
Profit for the financial year		<u>_</u>	277
Total assets	29,761	5,800	35,561
Total liabilities	28,132	5,307	33,439

Geographical segments

The Group has no material segments outwith the UK and thus no secondary geographical segment information is presented.



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

4. Non interest income

	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Gains less losses on financial instruments at fair value			
Foreign exchange derivatives	9	8	16
Interest rate derivatives	(68)	16	31
Movement in fair value of assets (see note (a) below)	90	(= 0	-
Ineffectiveness arising from hedging relationships	3	1	4
Other derivatives		6	9
	34	31	60
Other operating income			
Fee and commission income	139	127	232
Operating lease income	4	13	25
Other income	4	5	30
	147	145	287
Total non interest income	181	176	347

(a) Certain financial assets are designated at inception as fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). These assets are predominantly fixed interest rate loans which are individually hedged. These will derive a positive mark to market ("MTM") value on the income including margin when interest rates are falling and negative MTM when interest rates are rising. Corresponding opposite movements in the underlying derivatives are shown in the interest rate derivatives line. The positive MTM in the 6 months to 31 March 2008 reflects the fall in the yield curve in the period. In the 6 months to March 2007 there was a rise in the yield curve.

5. Operating expenses

	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Personnel expenses			
Salaries, wages and non cash benefits	90	89	183
Related personnel expenses	8	9	18
Defined contribution pension expense	3	1	5
Defined benefit pension expense	(8)	(2)	(17)
Employee share compensation	7	6	11
Other personnel expenses	5	6	11
	105	109	211
Depreciation expense			
Depreciation of property, plant & equipment	14	21	42
Other operating expenses			
Operating lease rental	16	15	31
Other occupancy expenses	17	16	34
Related entity recharges	149	141	286
Other operating expenses	45	43	86
500 P 80.000	227	215	437
Total operating expenses	346	345	690

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

6. Tax expense

a) Analysis of charge in the period

Tax charged in the income statement			
	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
The charge for taxation comprises:	£m	£m	£m
Current tax			
United Kingdom corporation tax at 29% (2007: 30%)			
- current year	49	45	81
- prior year			(6)
	49	45	75
Other overseas taxation	9	-	20
Total current tax	58	45	95
Deferred tax			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences			
- current year	10	15	27
- prior year		<u> </u>	5
Total deferred income tax	10	15	32
Income tax expense reported in income statement	68	60	127
Tax relating to items charged or credited to equity			
	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Current tax			Water No.
Available for sale investments			(1)
Release of transitional deferred tax	(3)	(4)	(7)
Deferred tax asset			
Actuarial gains and losses on pension schemes	19	34	69
Employee share compensation	<u>-</u>	(1)	(1)
Release of transitional deferred tax	7	-	7
Deferred tax liability			
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of cash flow hedges	1	(5)	(3)
Tax charge in the statement of recognised income and expense	24	24	64



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

6. Tax expense (continued)

b) Factors affecting tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period reflects the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (29%). The factors are explained below:

	6 months to 31 Mar 08 £m	6 months to 31 Mar 07 £m	12 months to 30 Sept 07 £m
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	232	190	404
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 29% (2007: 30%)	68	57	121_
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restatement of deferred tax balances to 28% Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Total income tax charge for period	(1) 68	60	(1) (1) 127
7. Dividends paid	6 months to 31 Mar 08 £m	6 months to 31 Mar 07 £m	12 months to 30 Sept 07 £m
2007 interim ordinary dividends paid - 17.24p per share 2007 final ordinary dividends paid - 40.95p per share	95	<u>:</u>	40
8. Cash and balances with central banks			
	6 months to 31 Mar 08 £m	6 months to 31 Mar 07 £m	12 months to 30 Sept 07 £m
Cash assets Mandatory deposits with central banks	3,155 35 3,190	2,371 31 2,402	2,059 34 2,093



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

9. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Financial assets at fair value			
Loans designated at fair value through profit and loss	3,668	2,461	2,774
Other derivative financial assets designated at			
fair value through profit and loss	105	33	103
Derivative financial assets at fair value - related entities	118	133	176
	3,891	2,627	3,053
Financial liabilities at fair value			
Deposits at fair value through profit and loss	160	112	153
Other derivative financial liabilities designated at			
fair value through profit and loss	111	45	166
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value - related entities	194	109	123
	465	266	442
10. Loans and advances to customers			
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Overdrafts	4,466	3,487	3,690
Credit cards	542	579	565
Lease finance	1,461	1,447	1,490
Housing loans	11,591	10,191	10,963
Other wholesale placements	≒	234	256
Other term lending	9,934	7,748	8,698
Other lending	2	1	5
Gross loans and advances to customers	27,996	23,687	25,667
Unearned income	(319)	(249)	(319)
Deferred and unamortised fee income	(54)	(45)	(53)
Impairment losses on credit exposures (note 11)	(252)	(259)	(240)
	27,371	23,134	25,055

The Group has transferred £2,998m (30 Sept 2007: £3,296m) of loans and advances to Special Purpose Entities ("SPEs") through securitisation arrangements. The financial assets do not qualify for derecognition because the Group remains exposed to certain risks and rewards of ownership on an ongoing basis. The Group is also exposed to the residual rewards of the loans and advances as a result of its ability to benefit from the future performance of the loans and advances through the receipt of deferred consideration.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

10. Loans and advances to customers (continued)

	Concentration of exposure			
Commercial and industrial 3,486 2,821 3,777 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining 922 713 880 Manufacturing \$84 36 467 Construction 834 1,252 738 Financial, investment and insurance 361 769 426 Property 5,91 4,067 4,788 Other lease finance 1,461 1,447 1,490 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 38 12 32 Personal - other 2,800 2,202 2,136 Other 2,800 2,202 2,136 Other 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 January 5 6 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 Specific provisions 18 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Concentration of disposition	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining 922 713 880 Manufacturing 584 386 467 Construction 834 1.252 738 Financial, investment and insurance 361 769 426 Property 5,919 4,067 4,758 Other lease finance 1,461 1,447 1,490 Personal - mortgages 111,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 38 12 32 22,000 2,029 2,3667 The stream of the personal color				
Manufacturing 584 386 467 Construction 834 1,252 738 Financial, investment and insurance 361 769 4,26 Property 5,919 4,067 4,758 Other lease finance 11,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 Freeding 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 30 Sept 07 50 Specific provisions 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 30 Sept 07 50 Specific provisions 18 10 <t< td=""><td>Commercial and industrial</td><td>3,486</td><td>2,821</td><td>3,777</td></t<>	Commercial and industrial	3,486	2,821	3,777
Manufacturing 584 386 467 Construction 834 1,252 738 Financial, investment and insurance 361 769 4,26 Property 5,919 4,067 4,758 Other lease finance 11,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 Freeding 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 30 Sept 07 50 Specific provisions 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 30 Sept 07 50 Specific provisions 18 10 <t< td=""><td>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining</td><td>922</td><td>713</td><td>880</td></t<>	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining	922	713	880
Construction 834 1.252 738 Financial, investment and insurance 361 769 426 Property 5,919 4,067 4,758 Other lease finance 1,461 1,447 1,199 Personal - mortgages 11,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 38 12 32 27,996 23,687 25,667 The mortgages Constant to the control of		584	386	467
Property Other lease finance Other lease finance (11,461 1,447 1,1490 1,963) 4,161 1,141 1,149 1,1490 1,963 4,161 1,1491 1,1490 1,963 1,161 1,1591 1,1591 1,963 1,1591 1,1591 1,963 1,161 1,993 1,963 1,963 1,963 1,963 1,963 2,2800 2,029 2,136 2,3687 2,566<	295-2×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1	834	1,252	738
Other lease finance 1,461 1,447 1,490 Personal - mortgages 11,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 38 12 32 27,996 23,687 25,667 Interpretable of the person	Financial, investment and insurance	361	769	426
Personal - mortgages 11,591 10,191 10,963 Personal - other 2,800 2,029 2,136 Other 38 12 32 27,996 23,687 25,667 11. Impairment losses on credit exposures 6 months to 31 Mar 08 22 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 08 30 Sept 07	Property	5,919	4,067	4,758
Personal - other Other 2,800 (3.88) 2,029 (2.368) 2,136 (2.568) 1. Impairment losses on credit exposures 6 months to 31 Mar 08 (31 Mar 07) 25,667 (30 Sept 07) Specific provisions 6 months to 31 Mar 08 (31 Mar 07) 20 months to 30 Sept 07 (31 Mar 08) Specific provisions 18 10 10 Opening balance 18 10 10 Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Opening balance 21 12 18 Opening balance 22 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 22 Other - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in Lours and advances to c	Other lease finance	1,461	1,447	1,490
Other 38 12 32 27,996 23,687 25,667 11. Impairment losses on credit exposures 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m fm 5months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m fm Specific provisions 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m fm Opening balance 18 10	Personal - mortgages	11,591	10,191	10,963
11. Impairment losses on credit exposures	Personal - other	2,800	2,029	2,136
11. Impairment losses on credit exposures	Other	38	12	32
Specific provisions 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5 m £m 2 m £m 3 m £m <th< th=""><th></th><th>27,996</th><th>23,687</th><th>25,667</th></th<>		27,996	23,687	25,667
Specific provisions \$\text{Lm}\$ \$\text{2}\tmu\$ \$\text{Lm}\$ Opening balance 18 10 10 Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 22 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other 2 22 240 240 Closing balance 231 247 222 Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in \$\text{fm}\$ \text{fm}\$ \text{fm}\$ Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans \$\text{Loans and advances to customers} \$\text{8} 68 63	11. Impairment losses on credit exposures			
Specific provisions £m £m £m Opening balance 18 10 10 Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 2 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other 2 231 247 222 Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in £m £m £m Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63		6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
Specific provisions 18 10 10 Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in \$\frac{6}{\text{months to}} & \frac{6}{\text{months to}} & \frac{5}{\text{months to}} & \frac{5}{months		31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
Opening balance 18 10 10 Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Total provisions for impairment losses 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 4mounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63		£m	£m	£m
Charge for the period/year 49 57 115 Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 2 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 252 259 240	Specific provisions			
Amounts written off (64) (77) (151) Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240	Opening balance	18	10	10
Recoveries of amounts written off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 3 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 2 Other 9 7 2 2 20 2 <	Charge for the period/year	49	57	115
Off in previous years 18 22 44 Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions 3 3 2 240	Amounts written off	(64)	(77)	(151)
Closing balance 21 12 18 Collective provisions Opening balance 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 Amounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240	Recoveries of amounts written			
Collective provisions 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m 6m	off in previous years	18	22	44
Opening balance 222 240 240 Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 100 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 87 86 63	Closing balance	21	12	18
Charge for the period/year 9 7 2 Other - - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 6 months to 31 Mar 07 6 months to 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m 5m Amounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63				
Other - - (20) Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 6 months to 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 5m 6m				
Closing balance 231 247 222 Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 4 30 Sept 07 4 m £m 31 Mar 08 5 m £m 6 months to 30 Sept 07 5 m £m 6 m m£m 6 m £m 6 m £m 6 m m£m	Charge for the period/year	9	7	
Total provisions for impairment losses 252 259 240 6 months to 31 Mar 08 6 months to 31 Mar 08 12 months to 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 £m £m £m £m Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 87 86 63	A PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF		<u> </u>	
6 months to 31 Mar 08 21 Mar 08 21 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 Em 6 months to 31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07 Em 2 mounts included in Em Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 87 86 63	Closing balance	231	247	222
31 Mar 08 31 Mar 07 30 Sept 07	Total provisions for impairment losses	252	259	240
Amounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63		6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
Amounts included in £m £m £m Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 87 86 63				
Amounts included in Loans and advances to customers (note 10) Non accrual loans Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63				255
Loans and advances to customers (note 10) 252 259 240 Non accrual loans 87 86 63	Amounts included in	LIII	Lill	LIII
Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63		252	259	240
Loans and advances to customers 87 86 63	Non accrual loans			
	Loans and advances to customers	87	86	63
	Provisions	(21)	(12)	(19)

Total

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

12. Securitisation

The Group's balance sheet includes the results, assets and liabilities of securitisation Special Purpose Entities ("SPEs") on a line by line basis. Securitised advances are subject to non-recourse finance arrangements. These loans have been purchased at principal value by the SPEs from Clydesdale Bank PLC, and have been funded through the issue of amortising mortgage backed securities to wholesale market investors.

The balance of assets and liabilities in relation to securitisation notes in issue at 31 March 2008 and 30 September 2007 within the Group's balance sheet are as follows:-

A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	31 Mar 08	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m
Assets		
Derivative financial assets	180	64
Loans & advances to customers (note 10)	2,998	3,296
Accrued interest receivable	67	51
Other assets	314	218
	3,559	3,629
Liabilities		
Bonds and notes (net of hedge adjustment)	2,976	3,097
Accrued interest payable	42	53
Other liabilities	542	7.0
	3,560	3,150

At 31 March 2008 the SPEs had cash deposits with Clydesdale Bank PLC amounting to £335m (2007: £173m). This balance is restricted in use to the repayment of the debt securities issued by the SPEs and other legal obligations. There were no securitised assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2007.

13. Due to customers

	31 Mar 08 £m	31 Mar 07 £m	30 Sept 07 £m
Non interest bearing demand deposits	547	1,318	597
Interest bearing demand deposits	13,895	12,694	14,240
Term deposits	5,233	3,030	3,523
Other wholesale deposits	1,029	1,478	959
•	20,704	18,520	19,319

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

14. Provisions

	6 months to 31 Mar 08 £m	6 months to 31 Mar 07 £m	12 months to 30 Sept 07 £m
Refund of current account fees & associated costs	ž.iii	ZIII	ZIII
Opening balance	7	0.00	_
Charge to income statement	-		11
Provisions utilised	(2)		(4)
Closing balance	5		7
Reorganisation			
Opening balance	(€)	27	27
Provisions utilised	(±),	(10)	(27)
Closing balance	(-	17	
Other provisions			
Opening balance	6	8	8
Charge to income statement		1	3
Provisions utilised	(1)	(3)	(3)
Other	(20)	97 <u>2</u> 3	(2)
Closing balance	5	6	6
Total provisions	10	23	13

Refund of current account fees & associated costs

Current account providers in the UK have experienced an increased level of complaints regarding current account charges levied. Customer awareness was raised following an announcement by the Office of Fair Trading (OFT) during April 2006 of a formal investigation into the fairness of charges arising on the late payment of credit card accounts having regard to the provisions of the Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999.

This generated industry wide requests from customers of UK banks and financial services organisations for refunds of current account charges. In the light of the growing number of claims and the legal uncertainty that exists the Bank (with seven other current account providers, together accounting for about 90 per cent of personal current accounts in the UK) decided to seek clarification through the Courts. The OFT agreed to this course and proceedings were issued on 27 July 2007 in the High Court in England and Wales. An initial judgement given on 24 April 2008 held that the terms in question did fall to be assessed for fairness under the Regulations and that none of the terms examined by the Court were capable of giving rise to an unenforceable penalty at common law. The Banks are appealing the decision in so far as it deals with whether the charges can be assessed for fairness but the OFT is not appealing the findings in relation to unenforceable penalties. It remains the case that the timing for the outcome of the legal proceedings is uncertain. However, the Bank considers its case to be strong and the charges both fair and legally enforceable. The Bank is, however, unable to predict with any accuracy the outcome of the legal action and is thus unable to reliably estimate any potential liability that may arise. No recognition has therefore been made, contingent or actual, within the financial statements for an adverse outcome to the legal action. During the 2007 financial year a provision was recognised for future costs and for refunds not covered by the case.

The Financial Services Authority (FSA) has granted a waiver from the time limit rules dealing with customer complaints relating to unauthorised overdraft charges and, accordingly, the Bank has suspended processing any further customer complaints which are within the scope of the waiver until clarity is achieved, although cases involving hardship will continue to be processed.

Following a review of operations a reorganisation provision was recognised during the year ended 30 September 2005. The provision covered the costs associated with the streamlining of operations, reductions in staffing levels and the reconfiguration of distribution networks. The programme in relation to these activities has been completed and the provision was fully utilised by 30 September 2007.





Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

14. Provisions (continued)

Other

This category includes:

- Provision for post-retirement health care under a defined benefit scheme for pensioners and their dependent relatives. This is a closed scheme and the provision will be utilised over the life of the remaining scheme members.
- Provision for costs arising in respect of a number of legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of the Bank's business.

٠.					and the second second
1	5	Ro	nde	and	notes

£m	£m	£m
		~
1,916	1,408	1,907
450	450	450
2,980	-	3,039
5,346	1,858	5,396
(13)	(10)	76
(1)	(2)	(1)
5,332	1,846	5,471
840	1,000	1,039
4,492	846	4,432
5,332	1,846	5,471
	450 2,980 5,346 (13) (1) 5,332 840 4,492	450 450 2,980 - 5,346 1,858 (13) (10) (1) (2) 5,332 1,846 840 1,000 4,492 846

16. Called up share capital

	Number	
No. of the Control of		

Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each - equity

		£m
Allotted, called up and	fully paid	
Ordinary shares of £1 e	ach - equity	232

17. Reserves

	31 Mar 08 £m	31 Mar 07 £m	30 Sept 07 £m
Share premium account	243	243	243
Share option reserve	19	9	12
Asset revaluation reserve	13	17	13
Available for sale investments reserve		846	(3)
Merger reserve	338	338	338
Cash flow hedge reserve	(6)	(13)	(9)
Retained earnings	1,274	967	1,160
	1,881	1,561	1,754

254,785,000

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

17. Reserves (continued)

Clydesdale Bank PLC is regulated by the Financial Services Authority. The availability of retained earnings for distribution and the redemption of share capital or certain subordinated debt are subject to maintaining the level of capital resources required by the regulator.

Share option reserve

The share option reserve records the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration.

Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve includes the gross revaluation increments and decrements arising from the revaluation of land and buildings.

Available for sale investments reserve

The available for sale investments reserve records the gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available for sale investments.

Merger reserve

The merger reserve arises as a result of the transfer of the entire business and undertakings of Yorkshire Bank PLC to Clydesdale Bank PLC on 1 December 2004. As no consideration was paid in relation to the transfer the only impact arising was the crystallisation of the Yorkshire Bank PLC Share Capital and Share Premium into a Merger Reserve in the combined entity.

Cash flow hedge reserve

The cash flow hedge reserve records fair value revaluations of derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments.

Minority interests

Minority interests represented the share of subsidiary equity controlled by parties outside of the Group. In March 2008 the underlying transactions were terminated and the minority interest repaid.

			Available		
Share premium account	Share option reserve	Asset revaluation reserve	for sale investments reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Retained earnings
£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
243	22	17	1 4 2	(2)	766
-	-	-	: <u>+</u> :	-	130
-		•	3 .5 0	-	101
=	6	3,52	5 -1 3.	5.75	
-	(20)			8 . 8	=
-	-	·	-	(16)	-
2	1	20	2	5	(30)
243	9	17		(13)	967
	premium account £m 243	premium account option reserve £m £m 243 22 - - - 6 - (20) - 1	premium account account option reserve £m revaluation reserve £m 243 22 17 - - - - 6 - - (20) - - 1 -	Share premium account Share option revaluation reserve £m Asset revaluation reserve £m for sale investments reserve reserve £m £m £m £m £m 243 22 17 - - - - - - 6 - - - (20) - - - 1 - -	Share premium account a

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

17. Reserves (continued)

Movements in reserves	Share premium account £m	Share option reserve	Asset revaluation reserve £m	Available for sale investments reserve £m	Cash flow hedge reserve £m	Retained earnings £m
At 1 October 2006	243	22	17	-	(2)	766
Profit for the year ended						
30 September 2007	2	-	026	84	-	277
Actuarial gains on defined benefit						
pension schemes	-	-	-	-	-	222
Share options granted	=	9	923	-	-	<u> </u>
Share options settled	*	(20)	-		-	Œ
Revaluation of land and						
buildings	*	-	(1)	-	-	: *
Net change in available for sale						
investments reserve	15	:=	1 1 2	(3)		π
Net change in cash flow						
hedge reserve	-	-	-		(10)	=
Transfers from/to asset						
revaluation reserve	-	,	(3)	-		3
Tax on items recognised						
directly in equity	=	I	(=)	((2)	3	(68)
Dividends paid						(40)
At 30 September 2007	243	12	13	(3)	(9)	1,160
Profit for the period						
ended 31 March 2008	-	-	: - 15	(-)		164
Actuarial gains on defined benefit						
pension schemes	-		-			68
Share options granted	*	7	(5 0)	P = 0	39	-
Net change in available for sale						
investments reserve	-		-	3	0₹9	
Net change in cash flow						
hedge reserve	-	-	-		4	-
Tax on items recognised						
directly in equity	2	=	(20)	626	(1)	(23)
Dividends paid		<u> </u>				(95)
At 31 March 2008	243	19	13		(6)	1,274

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

18. Memorandum items						
		Risk		Risk		Risk
	Contract	weighted	Contract	weighted	Contract	weighted
	amount	amount	amount	amount	amount	amount
Contingent liabilities	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07	30 Sept 07
Group	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Guarantees and assets pledged as collateral security - guarantees and irrevocable						
letters of credit	811	176	788	138	779	146
Other contingent liabilities	-	•	1	1	1	-1
-	811	176	789	139	780	147
Commitments						
Group						
Sale and option to						
resell transactions	2,000		2,000		2,000	<u> </u>
Other commitments						
 undrawn formal standby facilities and other commitments to lend 	ies,					
- 1 year or less	11,353	÷ <u>124</u>	10,781	(4)	10,153	<u> </u>
- over 1 year	a <u>4</u>	141	1,104	309	1,159	328
	11,353	# 100	11,885	309	11,312	328

The tables above give the contract amounts and risk-weighted amounts of off balance sheet transactions for the Group. The contract amounts indicate the volume of business outstanding at the balance sheet date and do not represent amounts at risk. The risk weighted amounts have been calculated in accordance with the FSA guidelines.

Contingent liabilities and commitments are credit-related instruments which include acceptances, letters of credit, guarantees and commitments to extend credit. The contractual amounts represent the amounts at risk should the contract be fully drawn upon and the client default. Since a significant portion of guarantees and commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total of the contract amounts is not representative of future liquidity requirements.

19. Other contingent liabilities

Apart from the claims in relation to bank charges referred to in note 14 above, the Bank is named in and is defending a number of legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. No material adverse impact on the financial position of the Group or the Bank is expected to arise from the ultimate resolution of these legal actions.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

20. Employees

The average number of full time equivalent employees of the Group during the year was made up as follows:

	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	Number	Number	Number
Average full time equivalent employees	5,734	5,709	5,709

All staff are contracted employees of National Australia Group Europe Limited ("NAGE"). The numbers above disclose the staff remunerated directly by the Group but exclude employees working within other NAGE subsidiaries who provide support services to the Group. The number of staff employed in the UK Region at 31 March 2008 is 8,966.

21. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises the following balances with less than three months maturity from the date of acquisition.

31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
£m	£m	£m
3,155	2,371	2,059
431	497	310
(11)	(9)	(6)
(175)	(182)	(173)
(101)	(82)	(53)
3,299	2,595	2,137
	£m 3,155 431 (11) (175) (101)	£m £m 3,155 2,371 431 497 (11) (9) (175) (182) (101) (82)

22. Related party transactions

The Bank is a wholly owned controlled entity of National Australia Group Europe Limited. The ultimate parent entity of the Bank is National Australia Bank Limited.

During the period there have been transactions between the Bank, its ultimate parent, controlled entities of the ultimate parent, controlled entities of the Bank, and other related parties.

The Bank provides a range of services to related parties, including the provision of banking facilities and standby financing arrangements. Other dealings include granting loans and accepting deposits, and the provision of finance, forward exchange and interest cover. Those transactions are normally subject to commercial terms and conditions.

The Bank and Group receives a range of services from the parent and related parties, including loans and deposits, forward exchange and interest rate cover and various administrative services. Fees may be charged for these services.

Amounts due from related entities

	31 Mar 08 £m	31 Mar 07 £m	30 Sept 07 £m
Loans		2.111	2111
Ultimate parent	339	587	1,306
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	11	20	13
Sub-introduction of the Control of the Control of the Control of C	350	607	1,319
Other receivables	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Ultimate parent	-	-	5
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	3	4	5
	3	4	10
Total amounts due from related entities	353	611	1,329





Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

22. Related party transactions (continued)			
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Interest income on the above amounts was as follows:			
Ultimate parent	32	19	44
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	_	1	4
Total interest income on amounts due from related entities	32	20	44
Amounts due to related entities			
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Deposits			
Ultimate parent	3,480	2,929	3,274
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	183	158	140
	3,663	3,087	3,414
Subordinated liabilities			
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	426	622	426
Other payables			
Ultimate parent	5	32	50
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	38	471	25
	43	503	75
Total amounts due to related parties	4,132	4,212	3,915
Interest expense on the above amounts was as follows:			
Ultimate parent	95	75	182
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	18	35	46
Total interest expense on amounts due to related entities	113	110	228
Securitisation During the period the Bank borrowed a net £2,998m (2007: £3,296m) from its securitisation transactions in the year.	uritisation SPEs (no	te 12), being the r	net proceeds
88. 3			

Other transactions with related entities

	6 months to	6 months to	12 months to
	31 Mar 08	31 Mar 07	30 Sept 07
	£m	£m	£m
Non interest income received			
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	11	11	21
Administrative expenses			
Ultimate parent	2	2	4
Controlled entities of the ultimate parent	147	139	282
	149	141	286

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

23. Maturity profile

The tables below show assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

31 Mar 08	Call £m	3 months or less £m	3 to 12 months £m	1 to 5 years £m	Over 5 years £m	No specified maturity £m	Total £m
Assets							
Cash and balances with							
central banks	3,190	-	<u>u</u>	2	_	_	3,190
Loans and advances	2,170						5,170
to other banks	33	520	-	_	-	-	553
Derivative financial assets	454	220	-	_	-	_	454
Financial assets at fair value	121						131
through profit and loss	223	231	82	1,574	1,783	(2)	3,891
Financial investments	1	210	28	200	2	(2)	441
Loans and advances	•	210	20	200			
to customers	3,981	-	5,763	3.099	14,528	2	27.371
Due from customers	5,701		3,703	5,055	11,520		21,571
on acceptances	12	5	2	-2	020	2	5
Due from related entities	20	310	_	5	18		353
All other assets	431	310		5.	-	1.848	2,279
Total assets	8,333	1,276	5,873	4,878	16,331	1,846	38,537
=	0,555	1,270	3,673	4,070	10,331	1,040	36,337
Liabilities							
Due to other banks	100	620	329	2,000	-	*	3,049
Derivative financial liabilities	38	5 	₹.		7.5	-	38
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit and loss	305	2	-	158	2	₩.	465
Due to customers	14,697	4,027	1,498	478	4	-	20,704
Liabilities on acceptances		5		-	3.50	5	5
Bonds and notes	(1)	-	- 8	4,233	1,100		5,332
Due to related entities	202	1,620	404	1,052	854	2	4,132
All other liabilities	101	((=))	-	-	147	2,598	2,699
Total liabilities	15,442	6,274	2,231	7,921	1,958	2,598	36,424

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

23. Maturity profile (continued)

Call or less months years years maturity Total	23. Maturity prome (continued)		3 months	3 to 12	1 to 5	Over 5	No specified	
Sample S		Call	NUMBER OF STREET	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			CONTRACTOR	Total
Cash and balances with central banks	31 Mar 07	377,777	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			**************************************		
Cash and balances with central banks								
Central banks	77.7							
Loans and advances to other banks 29 501 - - - - 530 Derivative financial assets 50 - - - - - 50 Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss 33 22 488 1,226 858 - 2,627 Financial investments - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers 3,470 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers - 5 - - - 5 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537								
to other banks 29 501 - - - - 530 Derivative financial assets 50 - - - - 50 Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss 33 22 488 1,226 858 - 2,627 Financial investments - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers 3,470 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers 0 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers 0 - 5 - - - 5 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other banks 497 - - - 55 1,092 Tota		2,402	3.	₩	-	*	-	2,402
Derivative financial assets 50 - - - - - 50								
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss 33 22 488 1,226 858 - 2,627 Financial investments - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers 3,470 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers	to other banks	29	501	7:		(5)	5	530
through profit and loss 33 22 488 1,226 858 - 2,627 Financial investments - 175 - 402 2 - 579 Loans and advances to customers - - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers - - - - - - 5 Due from customers - - 5 - - - - 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 55 Financial liabilities	Derivative financial assets	50	•	8	9	-	<u> </u>	50
Financial investments	Financial assets at fair value							
Loans and advances to customers 3,470 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities 5 - - 17 - - 2,537 Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - 253 13 266 <t< td=""><td>through profit and loss</td><td>33</td><td>22</td><td>488</td><td>1,226</td><td>858</td><td>Ξ.</td><td>2,627</td></t<>	through profit and loss	33	22	488	1,226	858	Ξ.	2,627
to customers 3,470 - 4,627 3,239 11,798 - 23,134 Due from customers on acceptances - 5 - 5 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 595 1,092 Total assets 5,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 17 17 - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 5 Bonds and notes (2) 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 1,578 1,660	Financial investments	18	175	=	402	2	5	579
Due from customers on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - 17 - - 55 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - -	Loans and advances							
on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 </td <td>to customers</td> <td>3,470</td> <td>V=2</td> <td>4,627</td> <td>3,239</td> <td>11,798</td> <td>ਵ</td> <td>23,134</td>	to customers	3,470	V = 2	4,627	3,239	11,798	ਵ	23,134
Due from related entities 3 597 - 9 - 2 611 All other assets 497 - - - - - 595 1,092 Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369	Due from customers							
All other assets 497 595 1,092 Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - 17 17 - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss 2,955 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 5 Bonds and notes (2) 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 1,578 1,660	on acceptances	i -	5	₹.	i a	-	-	5
Total assets 6,484 1,300 5,115 4,876 12,658 597 31,030 Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660	Due from related entities	3	597	5	9		2	611
Liabilities Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660	All other assets	497	-	÷	#	•	595	1,092
Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660	Total assets	6,484	1,300	5,115	4,876	12,658	597	31,030
Due to other banks 39 448 50 2,000 - - 2,537 Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660	Lighilities							
Derivative financial liabilities 38 - - 17 - - 55 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss - - - - - 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660		39	448	50	2.000) - .)	_	2 537
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 5 Bonds and notes (2) 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 1,578 1,660			-	1,000				
through profit and loss 253 13 266 Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 5 Bonds and notes (2) 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 1,578 1,660		***			5.5			## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
Due to customers 14,021 2,995 1,463 39 2 - 18,520 Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660		14	-	_	-	253	13	266
Liabilities on acceptances - 5 - - - 5 Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660		14 021	2 995	1.463	39		1000	
Bonds and notes (2) - - 1,398 450 - 1,846 Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - 1,578 1,660					_		-	
Due to related entities 175 1,068 1,369 1,149 429 22 4,212 All other liabilities 82 - - - - - 1,578 1,660					1 398	450	2 2	Parente.
All other liabilities 82 1,578 1,660		100 miles	1.068	1 369			22	45000000
	[경기: [경기: [대한 시크]: [경기: [대한 대한 대		-,000	-,500	-,			
			4 516	2.882	4 603	1 134		



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

23. Maturity profile (continued)

25. Maturity profile (continued)		3 months	3 to 12	1 to 5	Over 5	No specified	
	Call	or less	months	years	years	maturity	Total
30 Sept 07	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Assets							
Cash and balances with							
central banks	2,093	-	22		2	-	2,093
Loans and advances							
to other banks	18	667	€			-	685
Derivative financial assets	126	, -	5.			-	126
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit and loss	103	101	103	1,159	1,586	1	3,053
Financial investments	-	1,263	50	399	2		1,714
Loans and advances							
to customers	3,690	9	5,055	3,584	12,717		25,055
Due from customers							
on acceptances	(=)	3	≟	i i	(-)	-	3
Due from related entities	459	861	9		-		1,329
All other assets	310	3.50	5			1,193	1,503
Total assets	6,799	2,904	5,217	5,142	14,305	1,194	35,561
Liabilities							
Due to other banks	47	229	13	2,000		E	2,289
Derivative financial liabilities	22	9 .5 4	5			-	22
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit and loss	193	24	43	31	151	=	442
Due to customers	14,551	3,085	1,171	505	7	-	19,319
Liabilities on acceptances) =)	3	₩.	:=		=	3
Bonds and notes	(5)		200	4,176	1,100	9	5,471
Due to related entities	363	788	807	676	1,281	¥	3,915
All other liabilities	53		¥		3-3	1,925	1,978
Total liabilities	15,224	4,129	2,234	7,388	2,539	1,925	33,439





Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

24. Interest rate sensitivity gap analysis

Part of the Group's return on financial instruments is obtained from controlled mismatching of the dates on which interest receivable on assets and interest payable on liabilities are next reset to market rates or, if earlier, the dates on which the instruments mature. The tables below summarise these repricing mismatches on the Group's non-trading book as at 31 March 2008, 31 March 2007 and 30 September 2007. Items are allocated to time bands by reference to the earlier of the next contractual interest rate repricing date or the maturity date.

A negative interest rate sensitivity gap exists when more liabilities than assets reprice during a given period. Although a negative gap position tends to benefit net interest income in a declining interest rate environment, the actual effect will depend on a number of factors, including the extent to which repayments are made earlier or later than the contracted date and variations in interest rate sensitivity within repricing periods and among currencies.

Balances with supervisory central banks 35	3,155 35 553 454
Balances with supervisory central banks 35	35 553
central banks 35	553
	553
Loans and advances	
to other banks 5.32 553	454
Derivative financial assets 454	
Financial assets at fair value	
	3,891
Financial investments	232/5
-Available for sale 5.85 201	201
-Held to maturity 5.81 211 28 1	240
Loans and advances	
Allegation of the state of the	27,371
Due from customers	12
on acceptances 5	5
Due from related entities 353	353
	2,279
Total assets 27,541 1,866 1,759 1,389 802 832 1,703 2,645 38	38,537
Liabilities	
	3,049
Derivative financial liabilities 38	38
Financial liabilities at fair value	
through profit and loss 4.38 305 3 4 5 6 7 135 -	465
TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	20,704
Liabilities on acceptances 5	5
The state of the s	5,332
	4,132
	2,699
	2,113
Total liabilities and	
shareholders' equity 29,982 1,935 205 351 409 13 139 5,503 38	38,537
Off balance sheet items (2,083) 2,025 754 1,707 (185) (918) (1,300) -	
Interest rate sensitivity gap (4,524) 1,956 2,308 2,745 208 (99) 264 (2,858)	ā
Cumulative gap (4,524) (2,568) (260) 2,485 2,693 2,594 2,858 -	



Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

24. Interest rate sensitivity gap analysis (continued)

31 Mar 07	Weighted average effective interest rate	0 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	3 to 4 years	4 to 5 years		Non interest bearing	Total
	%	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Assets										
Cash assets	5.29	2,285	=	-	-	-	-	*	87	2,372
Balances with supervisory										
central banks		(73)		0.50			-	70	30	30
Loans and advances										
to other banks	5.10	530	2	-	=	: <u>-</u>	-	-	•	530
Derivative financial assets			*	(=)	-	-		*	50	50
Financial assets at fair value										
through profit and loss	6.35	147	71	150	154	332	293	1,447	33	2,627
Financial investments										
-Available for sale	6.55	402	72	1	2	828	12	2	598	402
-Held to maturity	6.86	175	*	23=0	~	7(=):	5 2	-	2	177
Loans and advances										
to customers	8.47	18,115	1,804	1,466	618	487	522	269	(147)	23,134
Due from customers										
on acceptances		(<u>=</u> //	2	1: ₩1	2	643	12	2	5	5
Due from related entities		-	₽.	.; ;.			S-	-	611	611
All other assets	<u> 18</u>			(#)	-	1.6		+	1,092	1,092
Total assets	· -	21,654	1,875	1,616	772	819	815	1,716	1,763	31,030
Liabilities										
Due to other banks	5.46	2,487	50	1/41	-	-	14	-	2	2,537
Derivative financial liabilities		(**)	*	(*)	-		· ·	*	55	55
Financial liabilities at fair value										
through profit and loss	4.38		1	3	4	5	6	228	19	266
Due to customers	3.09	15,512	1,420	143	117	3	8	- 3	1,317	18,520
Liabilities on acceptances		-	<u>~</u>		2		- 2	2	5	5
Bonds and notes	5.51	1,197	200	9₩9	=	250	199	-	940	1,846
Due to related entities		2,929	-	· · · ·	-	*	÷	+	1,283	4,212
All other liabilities				9,50		870	7.5		1,660	1,660
Shareholders' equity			-	-			3	£	1,929	1,929
Total liabilities and										
shareholders' equity		22,125	1,671	146	121	258	213	228	6,268	31,030
Off balance sheet items	-	(4,589)	1,908	725	1,676	125	1,353	(1,198)		-
Interest rate sensitivity gap		(5,060)	2,112	2,195	2,327	686	1,955	290	(4,505)	
Cumulative gap	÷	(5,060)	(2,948)	(753)	1,574	2,260	4,215	4,505	42	

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements (continued)

24. Interest rate sensitivity gap analysis (continued)

30 Sept 07	Weighted average effective interest	0 to 3	3 to 12	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	Over 5	Non interest	
	rate	months	months	years	years	years	years	years	bearing	Total
	%	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Assets										
Cash assets	5.68	1,975	Ď		•	5	(1)	-	84	2,059
Balances with supervisory										
central banks		-	-	-	-	2	-	23	34	34
Loans and advances		605								×0=
to other banks	6.10	685		3.5	15	≅ 0	0.50	=	106	685
Derivative financial assets		100	3	N.50	-	57	· .	7	126	126
Financial assets at fair value	0.00		00	1.40	222	200	100	1.600	1.40	2.052
through profit and loss	8.09	55	80	142	232	300	406	1,689	149	3,053
Financial investments	1.04	400								100
-Available for sale	4.84	400	× -	· =	*		:50	*	-	400 1,314
-Held to maturity	6.15	1,314		왕류왕	17	0.76	173	50	2 .	1,314
Loans and advances	7.07	10.204	1,688	1 756	772	635	618	527	(225)	25.055
to customers	7.07	19,294	1,000	1,756	112	033	010	321	(235)	25,055
Due from customers		-						-	3	3
on acceptances Due from related entities		1,311	. - 1	-		-	3.5	-	18	1.329
			<u></u>				•			
All other assets Total assets	-	25,034	1,768	1,898	1,004	935	1,024	2,216	1,503 1,682	1,503 35,561
1 otai assets	į.	23,034	1,700	1,070	1,004	733	1,024	2,210	1,002	33,301
Liabilities										
Due to other banks	5.24	2,276	13		_	_	-	_		2,289
Derivative financial liabilities	V.M.	-	-	2	22 22	12	_	2	22	22
Financial liabilities at fair value										
through profit and loss	4.43	(2)	3	4	5	6	7	304	115	442
Due to customers	3.23	16,377	1.912	248	136	5	3	41	597	19,319
Liabilities on acceptances	2.22	-	-,	-	-		-	-	3	3
Bonds and notes	6.30	5,021	=		¥	250	200	2	-	5,471
Due to related entities	2000000	3,780	56	_	12		-	2	79	3,915
All other liabilities		-		-	:#	19 <u>14</u>	-	_	1,978	1,978
Shareholders' equity		-		-		-	-	¥.	2,122	2,122
Total liabilities and	-									
shareholders' equity		27,452	1,984	252	141	261	210	345	4,916	35,561
1	i. 		250,000							
Off balance sheet items	-	(1,362)	1,664	726	1,347	(442)	(641)	(1,292)	4	-
Interest rate sensitivity gap		(3,780)	1,448	2,372	2,210	232	173	579	(3,234)	*
Cumulative gap	: -	(3,780)	(2,332)	40	2,250	2,482	2,655	3,234	7	-

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